Total Pages: 3

PC-9524/DL

Z-1/2120

MODERN WORLD POETRY

Course – IV (Semester–I) (Common with Ph.D. & M.Phil.)

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 60

SECTION - A

Note: Attempt any *four* questions in about 200 words each.

- I. How, as Rilke suggests in the "English Duino Elegy", the animal, boundless and unfathomable as it is, is free from angst as well as care?
- II. According to Neruda, how and when did his first poem come to him? ("Poetry")
- III. What does Medusa dream of in Agha Shahid Ali's Poem "Medusa"? What is the contemporary significance of her dreams?
- IV. How does Auden's sonnet "Diaspora" depict the troubled relationship of the Christians and the Jews?

- V. Why does Cavafy advice Odysseus in his poem Ithaca:
 When you set out for Ithaca
 Ask that your way be long,
 Full of adventure, full of instruction.
- VI. How does Akhmatova foreground the precariousness of a poet's relationship with the Muse in her poem "The Muse"? Do you think that the reference to Dante towards the end of the poem gives some hope to the narrator? (5×4=20)

SECTION - B

Note: Attempt any *two* questions of the following.

- VII. Discuss Rilke as a modernist poet.
- VIII. Do you think Neruda's poem "Ode to Federico Garcia Lorca" shows the influence of surrealism on him? Write a detailed answer.
- IX. Discuss how the recurring images of home in Agha Shahid Ali's poems are indicative of his exilic sensibility.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

SECTION - C

Note: Attempt any two questions of the following.

X. Discuss the thematic importance of the words "Poetry makes nothing happen" in Auden's poem "In Memory of W.B. Yeats", given especially the overall elegiac tone of the poem.

- XI. How can Cavafy's poem "The City" be read as a warning that leaving your hometown would be an unsuccessful escape from yourself?
- XII. How does the narratorial voice change over the course of Akhmatova's poem "Requiem"? Does the task of bearing witness give the narrator a sense of purpose and a sense of collective identity? (10×2=20)